UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO

SANCHEZ REID,) CASE NO. 1:06 CV 2305
Plaintiff,) JUDGE CHRISTOPHER A. BOYKO
v.) <u>MEMORANDUM OF OPINION</u>) AND ORDER
THE CITY OF CLEVELAND HEIGHTS,) AND ORDER)
Defendant.)
CHRISTOPHER A. BOYKO, J.:	,

On September 22, 2006, plaintiff <u>pro se</u> Sanchez Reid filed the above-captioned <u>in forma pauperis</u> action against the City of Cleveland Heights. For the reasons stated below, this action is dismissed pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e).

The complaint states in its entirety as follows:

Now comes Sanchez Reid, Pro Se states that approximately on August 17, 2006 and before and pursuant to the Rule of Court moves this honorable court to proceed with the complaint against the Defendant(s) of Civil Rights, Discrimination, Due Process, First, Ninth, Tenth, Fourteenth Amendment and Constitutional Violation which infringe on life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness due to these continued violations. Whereas Plaintiff prays that this honorable court award compensatory damages and an injunction to prevent future violations and any relief this court deems just or equitable.

Although <u>pro se</u> pleadings are liberally construed, <u>Boag</u> v. <u>MacDougall</u>, 454 U.S. 364, 365 (1982) (per curiam); <u>Haines v.</u>

Kerner, 404 U.S. 519, 520 (1972), the district court is required to dismiss an action under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e) if it fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted, or if it lacks an arguable basis in law or fact. Neitzke v. Williams, 490 U.S. 319 (1989); Lawler v. Marshall, 898 F.2d 1196 (6th Cir. 1990); Sistrunk v. City of Strongsville, 99 F.3d 194, 197 (6th Cir. 1996).

A complaint must contain either direct or inferential allegations respecting all the material elements of some viable legal theory to satisfy federal notice pleading requirements. See Schied v. Fanny Farmer Candy Shops, Inc., 859 F.2d 434, 437 (6th Cir. 1988). District courts are not required to conjure up questions never squarely presented to them or to construct full blown claims from sentence fragments. Beaudett v. City of Hampton, 775 F.2d 1274, 1278 (4th Cir. 1985). To do so would "require ...[the courts] to explore exhaustively all potential claims of a pro se plaintiff, ... [and] would...transform the district court from its legitimate advisory role to the improper role of an advocate seeking out the strongest arguments and most successful strategies for a party." Id. at 1278.

Further, legal conclusions alone are not sufficient to

A claim may be dismissed <u>sua sponte</u>, without prior notice to the plaintiff and without service of process on the defendant, if the court explicitly states that it is invoking section 1915(e) [formerly 28 U.S.C. § 1915(d)] and is dismissing the claim for one of the reasons set forth in the statute.

<u>McGore v. Wrigglesworth</u>, 114 F.3d 601, 608-09 (6th Cir. 1997);

<u>Spruytte v. Walters</u>, 753 F.2d 498, 500 (6th Cir. 1985), <u>cert.</u>

<u>denied</u>, 474 U.S. 1054 (1986); <u>Harris v. Johnson</u>, 784 F.2d 222, 224 (6th Cir. 1986); <u>Brooks v. Seiter</u>, 779 F.2d 1177, 1179 (6th Cir. 1985).

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present a valid claim, and this court is not required to accept unwarranted factual inferences. Morgan v. Church's Fried Chicken, 829 F.2d 10, 12 (6th Cir. 1987); see also, Place v. Shepherd, 446 F.2d 1239 (6th Cir. 1971) (conclusory section 1983 claim dismissed). Even liberally construed, the complaint does not contain allegations reasonably suggesting plaintiff might have a valid federal claim. See, Lillard v. Shelby County Bd. of Educ., 76 F.3d 716 (6th Cir. 1996) (court not required to accept summary allegations or unwarranted legal conclusions in determining whether complaint states a claim for relief).

Accordingly, the request to proceed <u>in forma pauperis</u> is granted and this action is dismissed under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e). Further, the court certifies, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(3), that an appeal from this decision could not be taken in good faith.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATE: 11/6/06

CHRISTOPHER A. BOYKO

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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CLERK OF COURTS
U.S. DISTRICT COLET, N.D.O.
CLEVELAND